Article 16A.

Provision of Communications Service by Cities.

§ 160A-340. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) City-owned communications service provider. A city that provides communications service using a communications network, whether directly, indirectly, or through an interlocal agreement or a joint agency.
- (2) Communications network. A wired or wireless network for the provision of communications service.
- (3) Communications service. The provision of cable, video programming, telecommunications, broadband, or high-speed Internet access service to the public, or any sector of the public, for a fee, regardless of the technology used to deliver the service. The terms "cable service," "telecommunications service," and "video programming service" have the same meanings as in G.S. 105-164.3. The following is not considered the provision of communications service:
 - a. The sharing of data or voice between governmental entities for internal governmental purposes.
 - b. The remote reading or polling of data from utility or parking meters, or the provisioning of energy demand reduction or smart grid services for an electric, water, or sewer system.
 - c. The provision of free services to the public or a subset thereof.
- (4) High-speed Internet access service. Internet access service with transmission speeds that are equal to or greater than the requirements for basic broadband tier 1 service as defined by the Federal Communications Commission for broadband data gathering and reporting.
- (5) Interlocal agreement. An agreement between units of local government as authorized by Part 1 of Article 20 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes.
- (6) Joint agency. A joint agency created under Part 1 of Article 20 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes. (2011-84, s. 1(a).)

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